

JAPAN – ASEAN RELATIONS

Gadjah Mada University March 13, 2013

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Japan-ASEAN: Strategic Partners

ASEAN-Japan Strategic Partners

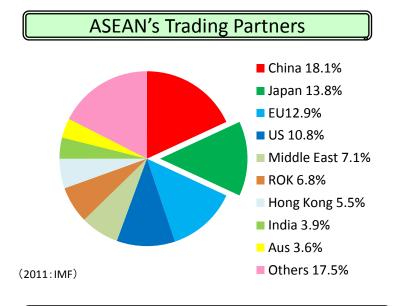
Strategic Importance of ASEAN to Japan

- Vibrant economy with 600 million of people.
 - → GDP of ASEAN has tripled in the last decade.
- Indispensable Sea lane for Japan
- ASEAN is at the heart of east Asia cooperations.
- Peace and prosperity of East Asia, including Japan, depends on that of ASEAN.

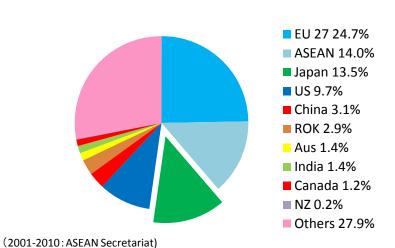
ASEAN, Key Area for Japan's Growth Strategy, with Deeply Interconnected Economy & Human Flows

- ASEAN is second largest trading partner for Japan after China (2011: China 20.6%, ASEAN 14.8%).
- ASEAN is Japan's biggest investment destination in east Asia (1.5 trillion yen, 2011).
- ASEAN is a production base for Japanese companies (6,800 companies, 120,000 Japanese in the region, 2010).
- Trade/Investment liberalization is underway through EPAs.
 - ⇒ EPA with ASEAN (AJCEP), EPAs with 7 individual member countries.
- ASEAN is one of the favorite tourists destination for Japanese. Japanese
 pop-culture is widely accepted in ASEAN.

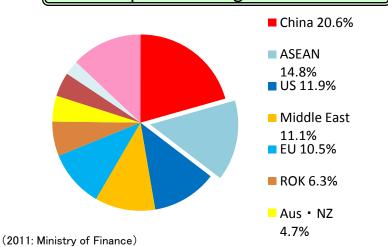
Japan-ASEAN Relations : Close Economic Ties



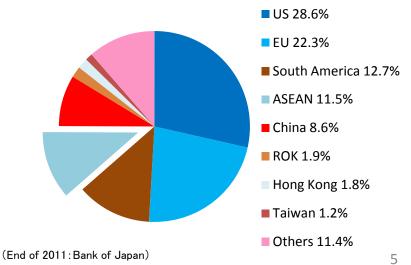
Countries Investing to ASEAN



Japan's Trading Partners



Countries Japan is Investing to



ASEAN is one of the major investment destinations for Japan

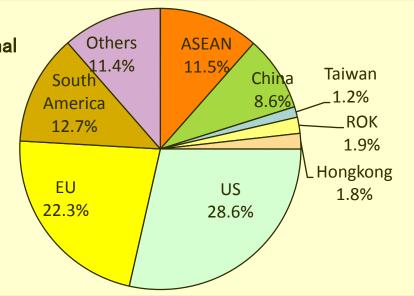
(next to the United States, EU and South America)

Japan's Foreign Direct Investment: Regional **Breakdown**

(end of 2011: JPY 74,828 billion)

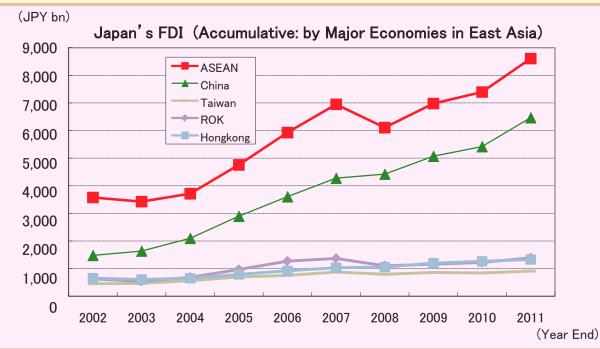
Japan Foreign Direct Investment to ASEAN is next to the United States, EU and South America.

Source: the Bank of Japan, Direct Investment Data)



Japan's Foreign Direct Investment to ASFAN has increased over the years.

Source: the Bank of Japan, Direct Investment Data)

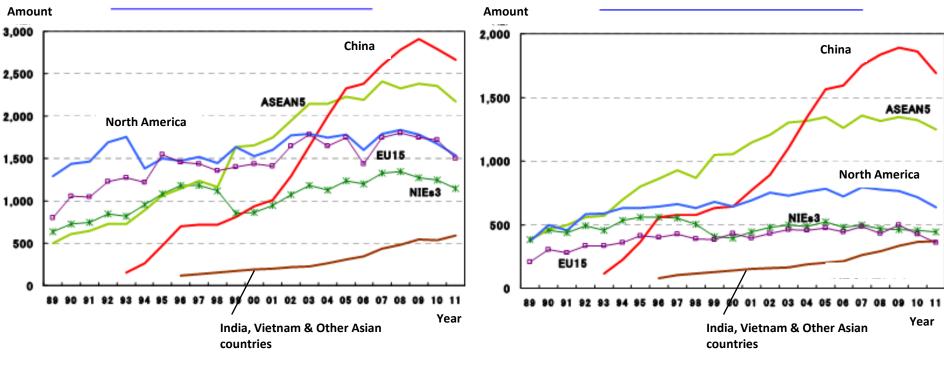


ASEAN is an important base of production & sales for Japan

Number of Production Base & Subsidiary of Japanese Companies Overseas

Figure 1. Foreign Subsidiaries of Japanese companies

Figure 2. Production Bases of Japanese Companies overseas



- (X1) China has been counted separately since 1993, while other Asian countries since 1996.
- (\times 2) Singapore is in NIEs until 1998, then joined into ASEAN from 1999. EU means EU15 since 2004.

Countries/Areas which Japanese Manufacturing Companies Target in Mid-Term (Around 3 Years)

2011			
Ranking	Country	Rate (%)	
1	China	72.8	
2	India	58.6	
3	Thailand	32.5	
4	Vietnam	31.4	
5	Brazil	28.6	
5	Indonesia	28.6	
7	Russia	12.4	
8	USA	9.9	
9	Malaysia	7.7	
10	Taiwan	6.9	
11	Republic of Korea	6.1	
12	Mexico	5.7	
13	Singapore	4.9	
14	Philippines	3.0	
15	Turkey	2.4	
16	Australia	1.6	
16	Bangladesh	1.6	
16	Cambodia	1.6	
19	Myanmar	1.4	
20	UK	1.2	

2010			
Ranking	Country	Rate (%)	
1	China	77.3	
2	India	60.5	
3	Vietnam	32.2	
4	Thailand	26.2	
5	Brazil	24.6	
6	Indonesia	20.7	
7	Russia	14.5	
8	USA	11.2	
9	Republic of Korea	5.8	
10	Malaysia	5.6	
10	Taiwan	5.6	
12	Mexico	4.8	
13	Singapore	4.1	
14	Philippines	2.7	
15	Australia	1.6	
15	Bangladesh	1.6	
15	Turkey	1.6	
18	German	1.4	
19	UK	1.2	
20	Myanmar	1.0	
20	Poland	1.0	
20	Saudi Arabia	1.0	
20	South Africa	1.0	
20	United Arab Emirates	1.0	

2010

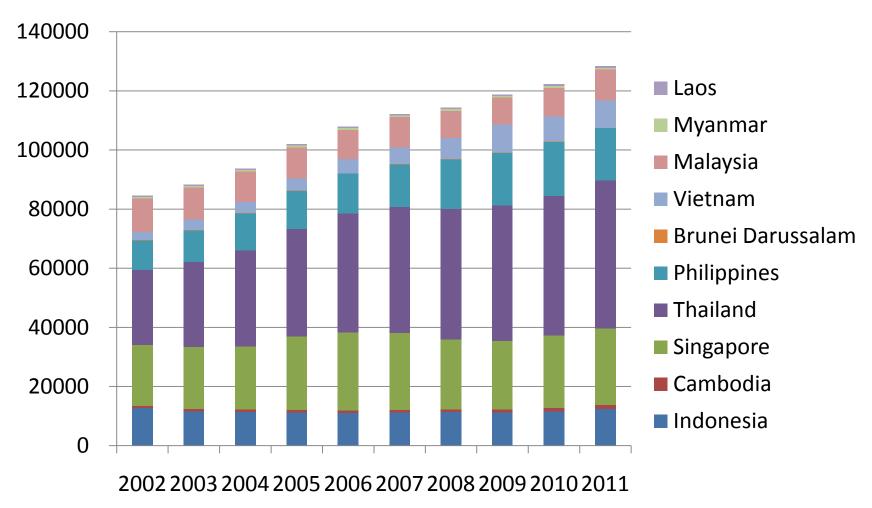




Source: Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC)



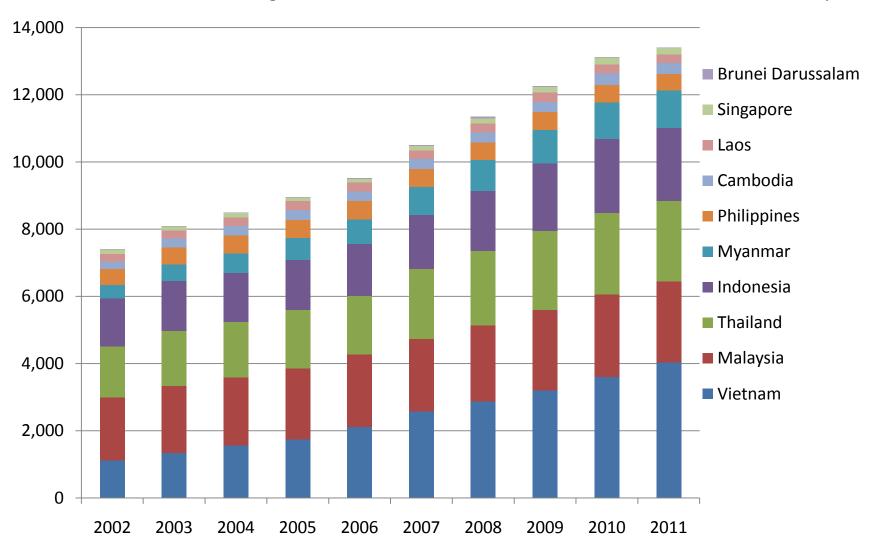
The Number of Japanese Living in ASEAN Member States





The Number of Foreign Students From ASEAN Member States

The Number of Foreign Students from ASEAN Member States has increased over the years.





People to People Connectivity– Kokoro no tomo (Heart-to-Heart relations)

- •Human ties made through economic activities or students exchanges can and should become relations of mutual trust.
- •We need to become "Kokoro no tomo" for our relations to become robust and resilient.



ASEAN'S SUPPORT FOR JAPAN

- -THE GREAT EARTHQUAKE IN JAPAN
- -ASEAN CARAVAN OF GOODWILL
- -SPECIAL MINISTERIAL MEETINGS



ASEAN Member States Supports For The Earthquake Victims in Japan, March 2011

Country	Material	Receiving Location
Indonesia	Blankets, foods, canned rice sets, donation	Iwate Pref., Yamagata Pref., Saitama Pref.
Singapore	Blankets, water, mattresses, plastic tanks, emergency foods, donation	Miyagi Prefecture
Malaysia	Packed foods	Miyagi Prefecture
Philippines	Packed foods, cup noodles, bath towels, mats,	Iwate Pref., Miyagi Pref.

Source: MOFA, Japan



ASEAN Member States Supports For The Earthquake Victims in Japan, March 2011

Country	Material	Receiving Location
Vietnam	Towels, shoes, underwears for children and adults, disposable chopsticks	Iwate Pref., Miyagi Pref.
Brunei Darussalam	Donation	
Laos	Donation	
Myanmar	Donation	
Cambodia	Donation	

Source: MOFA, Japan



ASEAN Caravan Of GoodWill

Under the leadership of the former Secretary-General of ASEAN Dr. Surin Pitsuwan, 44 volunteers from ASEAN member states, including the victims of 2004 Indian Ocean Tsunami, and 28 volunteers from ASEAN member states who were studying in Japan visited Ishinomaki to lift the moral of the victims.





Copyright: ASEAN Secretariat



Special ASEAN – Japan Ministerial Meeting

In response of the Great East Japan Earthquake, ASEAN decided to hold the Special ASEAN-Japan Ministerial Meeting on 9 April 2011.







Copyright: MOFA, Japan



JAPAN'S SUPPORT FOR ASEAN

- -SUPPORT FOR EARTHQUAKE VICTIMS IN ACEH, INDONESIA
- -SUPPORT FOR FLOOD VICTIMS IN THAILAND
- -SUPPORT FOR OPERATIONALIZATION OF AHA CENTER



Supports From Japan Forr Earthquake Victims in Aceh, Indonesia







Copyright: Ministry Of Defense - Japan



Japan' Supports for Flood Victims in Thailand







Copyright: JICA



Japan's Support For The Operationalization Of The AHA Center

ASEAN Coordinating Centre for Humanitarian Assistance on Disaster Management (AHA Centre) serves as the regional hub for disaster monitoring and analysis, preparedness, response, and technical and scientific cooperation







Copyright: AHA Centre

JENESYS(Japan-East Asia Network of Exchange for Students and Youths)

First program was launched 2007 to deepen mutual understanding among youth who will assume important roles in the next generation in East Asian countries and establish a basis for Asia's solidarity and promote friendship.

Under the first program <u>about 13,500</u> youths from ASEAN countries (among which about 2,300 Indonesians) were invited to Japan. They visited various cultural, economic and social facilities in Japan and had opportunities to interact with Japanese friends and citizens.

Second program <u>JENESYS 2.0 was</u> announced Jan 18, 2013 in Jakarta by PM Abe.

The program aims at inviting approximately 10,000 youths from ASEAN Member States.



Traditional culture experience



Sports exchange



Discussion among participants



Homestay



School Visit



Factory tour



ASEAN To Face Many Challenges

- -Why ASEAN matters to you and to us?
- -Something more than addition of 10.
- -Power of networking and connectivity

3 Pillars of ASEAN Connectivity and their relations

In order to promote distribution of goods after the construction of infrastructure, it is necessary to introduce a system to facilitate transnational movement of goods.

Physical Connectivity

- Construction of roads
- Construction of Ports and Harbors
- Establishment of maritime traffic network
- Construction of tunnels
- Establishment of Internet Network

Active movement of people enhances the need for construction of infrastructure

Strengthening of Institutional Connectivity increases the need for infrastructure development.

Institutional Connectivity

- Rationalization and minimization of Non Tariff Barriers
- Simplification of Customs procedure
- Graduated reduction of investment regulations

Movement of people enhanced by construction of infrastructure has effect on promotion of tourism.

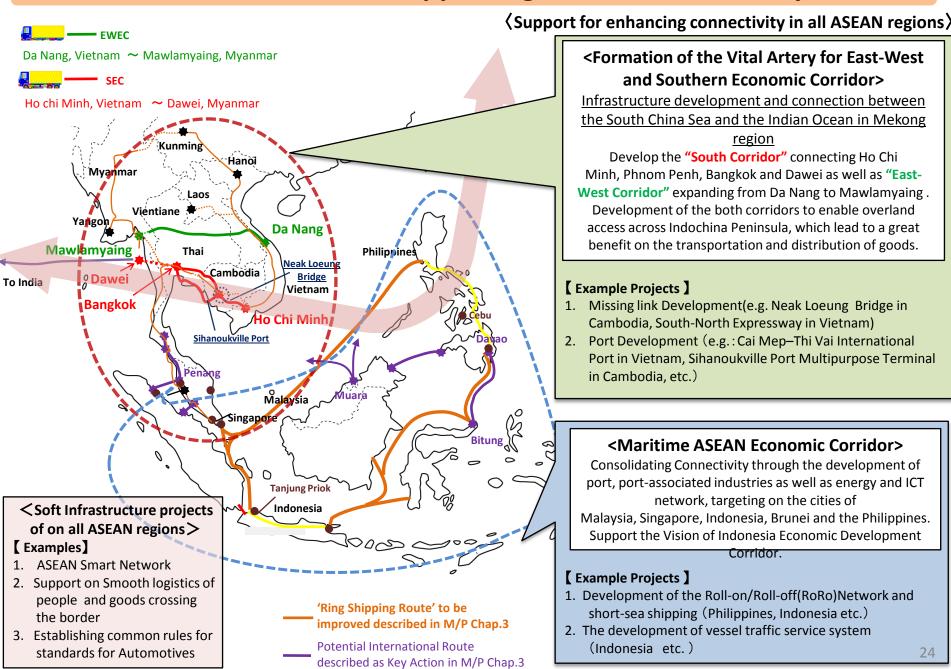
People-to-Peope Connectivity

- Relaxation of visa control within ASEAN
- Relaxation of visa issuance for foreign passengers
- Development of tourism products
- Promotion of movement of skilled workers whithin ASEAN

Tourism promotion enhances service distribution.

Investment promotion leads to enhanced people exchange

JAPAN'S Vision for Supporting ASEAN Connectivity



< Formation of the Vital Artery for East-West and Southern Economic Corridor>

Infrastructure development and connection between the South China Sea and the Indian Ocean in Mekong region

Develop the "South Corridor" connecting Ho Chi Minh, Phnom Penh, Bangkok and Dawei as well as "East-West Corridor" expanding from Da Nang to Mawlamyaing. Development of the both corridors to enable overland access across Indochina Peninsula, which lead to a great benefit on the transportation and distribution of goods.

[Example Projects]

- Missing link Development(e.g. Neak Loeung Bridge in Cambodia, South-North Expressway in Vietnam)
- Port Development (e.g.: Cai Mep-Thi Vai International Port in Vietnam, Sihanoukville Port Multipurpose Terminal in Cambodia, etc.)

<Maritime ASEAN Economic Corridor>

Consolidating Connectivity through the development of port, port-associated industries as well as energy and ICT network, targeting on the cities of Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Brunei and the Philippines.

Support the Vision of Indonesia Economic Development

Corridor.

[Example Projects]

- 1. Development of the Roll-on/Roll-off(RoRo)Network and short-sea shipping (Philippines, Indonesia etc.)
- 2. The development of vessel traffic service system (Indonesia etc.)



Conclusion

- ASEAN-Japan relations are getting closer and closer, especially in the field of economy.
- ASEAN-Japan people to people ties are getting stronger making both of us "Kokoro no tomo"
- To be Kokoro no tomo, youth exchange is very important.
- ASEAN-Japan relations will continue to grow because they are beneficial to both.
- However, ASEAN is more than that. ASEAN is a challenging project everyone wishes to see succeed.